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Japan's Financial Crisis Corporate Governance Failures Procyclical Behavior of Institutional Investors During the Recent Financial Crisis The Economic Crisis in Social and Institutional Context Resolving Systemic Financial Crises Aftershocks Institutional Structure of Financial Regulation Crisis and Control Financial Crisis and Institutional Change in East Asia Crisis and Institutional Change in Regional Integration The Growth of Shadow Banking Financial Crisis Supervision and Institutional Innovation Institutions in Crisis Financial Crises Growing Old Reflections on the Greek Sovereign Debt Crisis Financial Regulation at the Crossroads The Handbook of the Political Economy of Financial Crises Institutions and Development After the Financial Crisis Restructuring 'Korea Inc.' Institutional Change after the Great Recession Adaptive Efficiency During the Great Recession The Euro Crisis. Institutional and structural problems responsible for the Euro crisis A Modern Guide to Post-Keynesian Institutional Economics The Late 1990's Financial Crisis in Ecuador Economics of Institutional Change Getting Off Track Institutions and the crisis Financial Underpinnings of Europe's Financial Crisis The Late 1990s Financial Crisis in Ecuador Capitalism and Its Legitimacy in Times of Crisis Excess Cash Flow Economic Crisis and Institutional Change Economics of Institutional Change Procyclical Behavior of Institutional Investors During the Recent Financial Crisis Systemic Risk, Institutional Design, and the Regulation of Financial Markets Crisis and Institutional Change in Regional Integration Institutional Structure of Financial Regulation The Economic Crisis in Social and Institutional Context Institutional Money Management

Japan's Financial Crisis

2013-10-31

at the beginning of the 1990s a massive speculative asset bubble burst in japan leaving the nation s banks with an enormous burden of nonperforming loans banking crises have become increasingly common across the globe but what was distinctive about the japanese case was the unusually long delay before the government intervened to aggressively address the bad debt problem the postponed response by japanese authorities to the nation s banking crisis has had enormous political and economic consequences for japan as well as for the rest of the world this book helps us understand the nature of the japanese government s response while also providing important insights into why japan seems unable to get its financial system back on track 13 years later the book focuses on the role of policy networks in japanese finance showing with nuance and detail how japan s finance ministry was embedded within the political and financial worlds how that structure was similar to and different from that of its counterparts in other countries and how the distinctive nature of japan s institutional arrangements affected the capacity of the government to manage change the book focuses in particular on two intervening variables that bring about a functional shift in the finance ministry s policy networks domestic political change under coalition government and a dramatic rise in information requirements for effective regulation as a result of change in these variables networks that once enhanced policymaking capacity in japanese finance became paralyzing networks with disastrous results

Corporate Governance Failures

2011-04-15

corporate governance the internal policies and leadership that guide the actions of corporations played a major part in the recent global financial crisis while much blame has been targeted at compensation arrangements that rewarded extreme risk taking but did not punish failure the performance of large supposedly sophisticated institutional investors in this crisis has gone for the most part unexamined shareholding organizations such as pension funds and mutual funds hold considerable sway over the financial industry from wall street to the city of london corporate governance failures the role of institutional investors in the global financial crisis exposes the misdeeds and lapses of these institutional investors leading up to the recent economic meltdown in this collection of original essays edited by pioneers in the field of fiduciary capitalism top legal and financial practitioners and researchers discuss detrimental actions and inaction of institutional investors corporate governance failures reveals how these organizations exposed themselves and their clientele to extremely complex financial instruments such as credit default swaps through investments in hedge and private equity funds as well as more traditional equity investments in large financial institutions the book s contributors critique fund executives for tolerating the pursuit of alpha culture that led managers to pursue risky financial strategies in hopes of outperforming the market the volume also points out how and why institutional investors failed to effectively monitor such volatile investments ignoring relatively well established corporate governance principles and best practices along with detailed investigations of institutional investor missteps corporate governance failures offers nuanced and realistic proposals to mitigate future financial pitfalls this volume provides fresh perspectives on ways institutional investors can best act as gatekeepers and promote responsible investment

Procyclical Behavior of Institutional Investors During the Recent Financial Crisis

2013-09-11

this paper i provides evidence on the procyclical investment behavior of major institutional investors during the global financial crisis ii identifies the main factors that could account for such behavior iii discusses the implications of procyclical behavior and iv proposes a framework for sound investment practices for long term investors such procyclical investment behavior is understandable and may be considered rational from an individual institution s perspective however our main conclusion is that behaving in a manner consistent with longterm investing would lead to better long term risk adjusted returns and importantly could lessen the potential adverse effects of the procyclical investment behavior of institutional investors on global financial stability

The Economic Crisis in Social and Institutional Context

2015-02-20

this book explores the foundations of the current economic crisis offering a heterodox approach to interpretation it examines the policies implemented before and during the crisis and the main institutions that shaped the model of advanced economies particularly in the last two decades the first part of the book provides a theoretical analysis of the crisis the roots of the great recession are divided into fundamentals with origins in financial liberalisation financial innovation and income distribution and complementary or contributory factors such as the international imbalances the monetary policy and the role of credit rating agencies part ii suggests various paths to recovery while emphasising that it will be necessary to develop alternative strategies for sustainable economic recovery and growth these strategies will require genuine political support and a new great european vision to address major issues concerning the eu such as unemployment structural regional differences and federalism drawing on various schools of thought this book explains the complexities of the crisis through a wider evolutionary institutional and heterodox framework

Resolving Systemic Financial Crises

2004

claessens klingebiel and laeven analyze the role of institutions in resolving systemic banking crises for a broad sample of countries banking crises are fiscally costly especially when policies like substantial liquidity support explicit government guarantees on financial institutions liabilities and forbearance from prudential regulations are used higher fiscal outlays do not however accelerate the recovery from a crisis better institutions less corruption improved law and order legal system and bureaucracy do the authors find these results to be relatively robust to estimation techniques including controlling for the effects of a poor institutional environment on the likelihood of financial crisis and the size of fiscal costs their results suggest that countries should use strict policies to resolve a crisis and use the crisis as an opportunity to implement medium term structural reforms which will also help avoid future systemic crises this paper a product of the financial sector operations and policy department is part of a larger effort in the department to study financial crisis resolution world bank web site

Aftershocks

2009

aftershocks was written in the midst of the deepest economic crisis since the great depression although it would be premature to presume to identify the repercussions of the crisis it is clear that it will have profound aftershock effects in the political economic and social spheres the book contains essays based on semi structured interviews with leading scholars european politicians and representatives from the world of business they reflect on the origins of the crisis as well as the possible social economic and political transformations it may engender publisher s description

Institutional Structure of Financial Regulation

2014-06-20

in light of on going global financial crises the institutional structure of financial regulation is currently a subject of significant academic and practical interest the financial crisis has called into question the adequacy of financial regulation at the national and supranational levels and has instigated financial regulatory reforms in major markets overseas this has included the enactment of the dodd frank act in the us and the programme to split the financial services authority in the uk this book examines the institutional structure reform of financial regulation from a comparative perspective exploring both fundamental theories and international experiences the book explores the three main institutional structures of financial regulation in the world the sectors based model adopted in the us mainland china and hong kong the twin peaks model with australia and the netherlands as its pioneers and the single regulator model as represented by the former financial services authority in the uk and the financial services agency in japan the book contains contributions from renowned experts in the field of financial regulation including douglas arner jeffrey carmichael robin hui huang dirk schoenmaker and michael taylor and will be of interest to students and researchers of banking and finance law and comparative economics

Crisis and Control

2012

in reaction to the international financial crisis of 2007 a network of social scientists from seven countries

analyzed the various changes in the regulation of financial markets and this book presents their results the articles published herein show patterns of institutional change that were triggered by the economic crisis on different political levels of their implementation and effectiveness as well as their results an indispensible tool for political scientists crisis and control contributes significantly to the theory of institutional change

Financial Crisis and Institutional Change in East Asia

2012-06-19

in light of the asian financial crisis of 1997 lai examines whether east asian economies converged onto the liberal market model by studying the evolution of the financial sectors of korea malaysia and thailand this includes sectoral diversification the nature of competition and the regulatory and supervisory frameworks

Crisis and Institutional Change in Regional Integration

2016-03-31

comparative regional integration has met with increasing interest over the last twenty years with the emergence or reinforcing of new regional dynamics in the eu nafta mercosur and asean this volume systematically and comparatively analyses the reasons for regional integration and stalemate in european latin american and asian regional integration it examines whether regional integration systems change in crisis periods or more precisely in periods of economic crises and why they change in different directions based on a neo institutionalist research framework and rigorously comparative research design the individual chapters analyse why financial and economic crises lead to more or less integrated systems and which factors lead to these institutional changes specifically it addresses institutional change in regional integration schemes power relations between member states and the institutions in different policy domains and change in individual or collective citizens attitudes towards regional integration adopting an actor centred approach the book highlights which regional integration schemes are influenced by economic and financial crises and how to explain this this text will be of key interest to scholars students and policy specialists in regional integration european politics international relations and latin american and asian studies

The Growth of Shadow Banking

2018

the shadow banking system refers to a system of credit provision occurring outside of the official regulatory perimeter of commercial banks facilitated by securitization vehicles mutual funds hedge funds investment banks and mortgage companies the function and regulation of these shadow banking institutions has come under increasing scrutiny after the subprime crisis of 2007 8 matthias thiemann examines how regulators came to tolerate the emergence of links between the banking and shadow banking systems through a comparative analysis of the us france the netherlands and germany he argues that fractured domestic and global governance systems determining the regulatory approach to these links ultimately aggravated the recent financial crisis since 2008 shadow banking has even expanded and the incentives for banks to bend the rules have only increased with increasing regulation thiemann s empirical work suggests how state finance relations could be restructured to keep the banking system under state control and avoid future financial collapses

Financial Crisis Supervision and Institutional Innovation

2020

an important and timely contribution david howden has brought together an excellent collection of essays which go beyond the theoretical discussion of austrian business cycle theory exploring instead its empirical relevance to one of the most serious financial crises in modern european history mark pennington queen mary university of london uk this is an important and refreshing book which provides an approach of current problems quite different from what is too often written in my opinion it is the only correct analysis of the economic crisis and of european problems in spite of the diversity both of contributors and topics a common and rigorous intellectual foundation gives unity and strength to this book it offers the clues for the best understanding of present and future economic problems pascal salin emeritus professor of economics university paris dauphine france the current european recession is being offered as an excuse for a wider more expansive centralized europe failure to recognize the true causes of the recession failed institutions that have plagued europe for years and will continue to do so if permitted to continue will prolong the current malaise and hold europe back from its new future let us hope that the current volume does much to bring this new europe to us from the foreword by jesús huerta de soto this critical and thought provoking book explores the causes and consequences of europe s failed political and economic institutions europe s recession has created new challenges as market turmoil has shaken the foundations of the twin pillars of the new drive for european integration political and monetary unions this book critically assesses the patchwork solutions continually offered to hold the troubled unions together failed political policies from the prodigious common agricultural policy to ever more common fiscal stimulus packages are shown to have bred less than stellar results in the past and to have devastating implications for future european growth the contributors outline the manner through which european monetary union has subsidized and continues to exacerbate the burgeoning debt crisis most strikingly the interplay between europe s political and economic realms is exposed as the boondoggle it is with increasingly bureaucratic institutions plaguing the continent and endangering future potential combining political and economic analysis this comprehensive book will prove essential for researchers and students in international business and macroeconomics educated laymen wanting a keener perspective on europe s recession will also find this book to be invaluable

Institutions in Crisis

2011

this study explores the major patterns of change in the evolution of financial crises as enduring phenomena and analyzes the paradoxical position that crises are at once similar to and different from each other brenda spotton visano examines economic psychological and social elements intrinsic to the process of capitalist accumulation and innovation to explain the enduring similarities of crises across historical episodes she also assesses the impact that changing financial and economic structures have on determining the specific nature of crises and the differential effect these have in focal point manner and extent of transmission to other otherwise unrelated parts of the economy financial crises offers a consistent method for interpreting variations in financial crises through time and allows for a better overall appreciation for both the transitory fragility and enduring flexibility of financial capitalism and the potential vulnerability created by on going financial development topical and informative this key book is of keen interest to all those studying and researching international economics and political economy

Financial Crises

2006-04-18

a brookings institution press and nomura institute of capital markets research publication while the immediate dangers from the recent financial crisis have abated much of the financial system has returned to profitability and the economy is growing albeit slowly the damage to the economy will linger for years among the many impacts is the problem that may be most acute in the united states how state and local governments and private companies will honor their obligations under defined benefit db pension plans institutional investors also confront new difficulties in the low interest rate environment that has prevailed since the onset of the crisis east asian economies namely in japan korea and china also face pension issues as their populations age in growing old experts from academia and the private sector consider the hard questions regarding the future of pension plans and institutional money management both in the united states and in asia this volume is the latest collaboration between the brookings institution and the nomura institute of capital markets research on issues confronting the financial sector of common interest to audiences in the united states and japan contributors olivia s mitchell wharton school university of pennsylvania akiko nomura nomura institute of capital markets research robert novy marx simon graduate school of business university of rochester betsy palmer mfs investment management robert pozen harvard business school joshua rauh kellogg school of management northwestern university natalie shapiro mfs investment management

Growing Old

2011-06-01

the euro was generally considered a success in its first decade nevertheless the unanticipated financial crisis in the summer of 2007 has developed gradually into the worst global economic crisis in post war economic history and a sovereign debt crisis calling into question the endurance of positive externalities under the current form of european economic integration the experience of double dip recessions in the core of the euro area and the occurrence of a deflationary spiral in its southern periphery brings into question the wisdom of fiscal consolidation via austerity in the adjustment programmes adopted to exit the crisis they also put into doubt the adequacy and efficiency of the european economic and monetary union s core elements its political instruments and macroeconomic assumptions as can be seen in the role of the stability and growth pact and the stance of the european central bank the title of this collective volume refers to the country where the european sovereign

1999 grand am repair manua

debt crisis began while its contents concentrate on the extent to which this crisis should be a national or a european concern moreover the focus on greece stimulates discussion about the neglected factor of the shadow economy and the potential to boost government revenue through its successful transfer to the formal economy the chapters address the inefficiencies of both euro area institutions and policies adopted to exit the current predicament experts from several disciplines review the literature and critically evaluate the existence of issues such as contagion effects domino effects deflationary spirals institutional efficiency and the reality of the option to exit the euro area

Reflections on the Greek Sovereign Debt Crisis

2014-09-26

this book brings outstanding expertise and provides insightful perspectives from nineteen authors with diverse backgrounds including officials from international organizations national regulators and commercial banking as well as academics in law economics political economy and finance the authors not only shed light on the causes of the financial turmoil but also present thoughtful proposals that contribute to the future policy debate and discuss opportunities that financial services can offer in funding activities which raise standards of living through initiatives in microfinance renewable energy and food distribution the contributions to this volume tackle several of the thorniest issues of financial regulation in a post crisis environment such as the mechanics of contagion within the financial system and the role of liquidity moral hazard when large financial institutions are no longer subject to the disciplinary effects of bankruptcy bank capital requirements management compensation design of bank resolution schemes a function centric versus institution centric regulatory approach subsidization and compatibility of stimulus packages with eu rules on state aid trade finance and the role of the gats prudential carve out and the role of financial services in promoting human rights or combating climate change

Financial Regulation at the Crossroads

2011-04-01

the great financial crisis that began in 2007 reminds us with devastating force that financial instability and crises are endemic to capitalist economies and that it is only strong and dynamically changing financial regulations that can keep the damage caused by these crises within bounds the international financial system and individual national economies including that of the united states are suffering from the aftermath of the worst financial crisis since the great depression economists are struggling to understand the origins and implications of the crisis the handbook of the political economy of financial crises uses a political economy theoretical framework to analyze the crisis after an opening chapter that describes the dimensions of the current crisis the next section provides relevant theoretical frameworks subsequent sections apply these theoretical frameworks to analyze the background dimensions and implications of the crisis for the world economy leading scholars push forward our understanding of how and why our international and domestic economies are susceptible to financial breakdown and what can be done to mitigate this problem in the future the methodology throughout applies theoretical concepts in the context of an historical and institutional understanding of the real world by emphasizing the historical and institutional aspects of financial crises the authors advance economic knowledge and provide insights into how we can manage our financial system to improve the lives of ordinary people

The Handbook of the Political Economy of Financial Crises

2013-01-07

the financial crash of 2007 2008 and the subsequent global economic crisis have raised questions about the viability of capitalism and the desirability of alternative types of economic system in this context keynesian and marxist ideas in particular have become more popular these two approaches along with some other heterodox perspectives agree on the need for institutional analysis and for better institutions and governance in order to promote economic development this volume poses fundamental institutional evolutionary and ontological questions relating to the emergence of a new mode of governance after the financial crisis the book argues that contrary to the recent austerity policies implemented in the eu in particular a new level of government involvement is required in order to keep aggregate demand stable make full employment possible and create a transparent financial sector serving the real economy and encouraging productive investments this book will be of interest to students researchers and policy makers working in the areas of finance institutional economics development economics and international political economy

Institutions and Development After the Financial Crisis

2013-10-30

this book combines demand led growth models and the institutionalist approach in order to explain the macroeconomic performance of the main european countries in recent years followed by which a coherent explanation of the institutional change since the great recession including the economic policy response to the economic and financial crisis 2008 and to the debt crisis 2010 is provided a comparative political economy cpe analytical framework and provide an institutional base to the different european growth models is built in general terms over the period 1995 2018 the results allow us to link diverse growth dynamics to the changes of the institutional framework as a consequence of the economic and financial crises in each chapter for country case studies france germany italy spain greece sweden uk and poland there s an ntroduction with a general characterization of the country and the most relevant changes that have occurred subsequently main legislative milestones or changes in the behaviour of social agents especially the process of dualization or deregulation of european economies in addition an analysis of the macroeconomic evolution and the situation of the labour market before and after the crisis from a demand side perspective is included concluding with the linkages between both issues and the characterization of the growth model this book is of special interest to all the students and university professors who will use this book to be able to follow a multitude of subjects from applied economy to international economic structure but can also be useful for researchers doctoral students and teaching staff who want to expand knowledge in the fields of comparative political economy institutions and the european union in general this book is aimed at anyone interested in expanding their knowledge of the evolution of europe today

Restructuring 'Korea Inc.'

2002

robert fritzsch provides an institutional economic analysis of the great recession the author shows that institutions matter as determinants of crisis resilience however in a different way than predicted by the prominent theories of olson 1982 and north wallis weingast 2009 as the crisis was most severe in developed countries with democratic political institutions rule of law and restrained regulations the empirical results support theoretical predictions only within the sub group of developed countries where rule of law and restrained regulations show a positive association with crisis resilience

Institutional Change after the Great Recession

2021-08-12

essay from the year 2018 in the subject economics other grade 39 5 40 university of queensland language english abstract although catalysed by the global financial crisis gfc of 2007 2008 substantial responsibility for the euro crisis can be attributed to the institutional and structural problems entrenched in the design of the european economic and monetary union emu the crisis led to subdued growth and record levels of unemployment in the economies of greece ireland italy portugal and spain collectively known as the glips and the wider eurozone the beginnings of the crisis were in the sovereign debt problems of these countries the causes of which varied from successive unsustainable government deficits in greece to bank guarantees and bailouts shifting private debt into public hands in ireland and spain what these sovereign debt crises had in common however were the structural and institutional problems of the emu which both created the conditions for and prevented the recovery of the wider euro crisis this essay will outline these problems first institutions and structures in the political economy will be briefly defined secondly the inability of a united monetary policy to cater for the differences between northern and southern european varieties of capitalism will be examined thirdly the structures and institutions hindering a swift and effective economic recovery will be outlined finally the viability of proposed recovery approaches will be evaluated

Adaptive Efficiency During the Great Recession

2019-07-30

this modern guide advances post keynesian institutional economics an integrative tradition inspired by keen economic observers such as john kenneth galbraith joan robinson and hyman minsky that bridges institutional and post keynesian economics the tradition proved its worth by addressing the global financial crisis of 2007 2009 as well as by analyzing long term trends accompanying the evolution of investor driven money manager capitalism including financialization spreading worker insecurity and rising inequality the book begins with the history and contours of post keynesian institutionalism and then breaks new ground extending recent analyses of contemporary economic problems sharpening concepts and methods sketching new theories and synthesizing ideas across research traditions

The Euro Crisis. Institutional and structural problems responsible for the Euro crisis

2019-04-10

this paper stresses three factors that amplified the 1990s financial crisis in ecuador namely institutional weaknesses rigidities in public finances and high financial dollarization institutional factors restricted the government s ability to respond in a timely manner and efficiently enough to prevent the escalation of the banking crisis and spurred the adoption of suboptimal policy decisions public finance rigidities limited the government s capacity to correct existing imbalances and the deteriorating fiscal stance associated with the costs of the financial crisis financial dollarization increasingly reduced the effectiveness of financial safety nets fostered foreign currency demand and accelerated a currency crisis thereby further worsening the solvency of banks these three factors reinforced each other exacerbating costs as the economy went through a triple banking currency and fiscal crisis

A Modern Guide to Post-Keynesian Institutional Economics

2022-04-19

this book a third edition has been significantly expanded and updated it revisits the process of institutional change its characteristics determinants and implications for economic performance new chapters address the significance of post communist transition the differences and importance of initial conditions in institutional building and social norms values and happiness other chapters have been expanded to include for example a focus on the washington consensus commentary on the 2008 financial crisis state capacity and corruption and new findings on redistribution and inequality with specific focus on central europe eastern europe and central asia this revised edition examines the process of development and its interdependence with institutions

The Late 1990's Financial Crisis in Ecuador

2004

throughout history financial crises have always been caused by excesses frequently monetary excesses which lead to a boom and an inevitable bust in our current crisis it was a housing boom and bust that in turn led to financial turmoil in the united states and other countries how did everything deteriorate so suddenly and dramatically in getting off track how government actions and interventions caused prolonged and worsened the financial crisis hoover fellow and stanford economist john b taylor offers empirical research to explain what caused the current financial crisis what prolonged it and what worsened it dramatically more than a year after it began the author tells how unusually easy monetary policy helped set the crisis in motion as interest rates at the federal reserve and several other central banks deviated from historical regularities he explains monetary interaction with the subprime mortgage problem showing how the use of these mortgages especially the adjustable rate variety led to excessive risk taking in the united states this was encouraged by government programs designed to promote home ownership a worthwhile goal but overdone in retrospect looking ahead the author suggests a set of principles to follow to prevent misguided actions and interventions in the future book description

Economics of Institutional Change

2017-10-24

this book analyzes how financial liberalization affected the development of the financial crisis in europe with particular attention given to the ways in which power asymmetries within western europe facilitated financial liberalization and distributed the costs and gains from it the author combines institutional narrative analysis with empirical surveys and econometrics as well as country level studies of financial liberalization and its consequences before and after the 2008 global financial crisis author nina eichacker charts institutional liberalization and privatization of european finance from the 1960s onward and presents a survey of descriptive statistics that show how different financial stability financial flow and macroeconomic variables have changed in western europe since the early 1980s generally increasing financial and economic instability it also demonstrates the change in securitization and european banks tendencies to hold securitized assets on their balance sheets it creates a framework for understanding the power dynamics between national industrial and class interests in western europe that promoted secular financial liberalization as well as the institutional design of the emu that mandated financial liberalization finally it examines the process of financial liberalization in detail in three states iceland ireland and germany students and researchers interested in financial liberalization and financial crises as well as policymakers will find the analyses in this book invaluable

Getting Off Track

2009

this paper stresses three factors that amplified the 1990s financial crisis in ecuador namely institutional weaknesses rigidities in public finances and high financial dollarization institutional factors restricted the government s ability to respond in a timely manner and efficiently enough to prevent the escalation of the banking crisis and spurred the adoption of suboptimal policy decisions public finance rigidities limited the government s capacity to correct existing imbalances and the deteriorating fiscal stance associated with the costs of the financial crisis financial dollarization increasingly reduced the effectiveness of financial safety nets fostered foreign currency demand and accelerated a currency crisis thereby further worsening the solvency of banks these three factors reinforced each other exacerbating costs as the economy went through a triple banking currency and fiscal crisis

Institutions and the crisis

2018

this volume examines why the 2008 financial crisis with the subsequent great recession did not foster a major institutional transformation of the capitalist market economy it highlights the role of ideas and public discourse in explaining institutional stability and change in the wake of economic crises and other critical junctures examining legitimation discourse in four oecd countries germany switzerland the united kingdom and the united states between 1998 and 2011 the contributions to the volume use different text analytical methods to bring out the ideas that underpin affirmative and critical media discourse on the capitalist regime individual chapters focus on the contours and trajectories of legitimation discourse before and after the financial crisis on the attribution of responsibility for the crisis on the use of metaphors and narratives and on the formation of discourse coalitions challenging the regime together they show that the post 2008 legitimation crisis of the capitalist market economy did not result in its sustained delegitimation or in powerful new ideas that might have mobilized support for radical institutional change the book will appeal to students and scholars of economic sociology media studies and political science

Financial Underpinnings of Europe's Financial Crisis

2017

economic studies which examine the financing patterns of firms particularly in emerging markets seldom consider the market environment in which they operate the most recent asian financial crisis and its exposure of institutional failures in the context of financial sector liberalization show that these market conditions are vital the positive relationship between a firms excess cash flow and investment are well known but the environment which determines retention of cash as opposed to paying dividends remains unresolved the results of this survey suggest a framework by which future research in data collection theoretical analysis and empirical testing may be undertaken

The Late 1990s Financial Crisis in Ecuador

2006

this significantly expanded and updated edition revisits the process of institutional change its characteristics determinants and implications for economic performance new chapters address the significance of post communist transition the differences and importance of initial conditions in institutional building and social norms values and happiness other chapters have been expanded to include for example a focus on the washington consensus commentary on the 2008 financial crisis and new findings on redistribution and inequality and state capacity and corruption with specific focus on central europe eastern europe and central asia this revised edition examines the process of development and its interdependence with institutions

Capitalism and Its Legitimacy in Times of Crisis

2018-08-14

this paper i provides evidence on the procyclical investment behavior of major institutional investors during the global financial crisis ii identifies the main factors that could account for such behavior iii discusses the implications of procyclical behavior and iv proposes a framework for sound investment practices for long term investors such procyclical investment behavior is understandable and may be considered rational from an individual institution s perspective however our main conclusion is that behaving in a manner consistent with longterm investing would lead to better long term risk adjusted returns and importantly could lessen the potential adverse effects of the procyclical investment behavior of institutional investors on global financial stability

Excess Cash Flow

2002-10-31

following the recent financial crisis regulators have been preoccupied with the concept of systemic risk in financial markets believing that such risk could cause the markets that they oversee to implode at the same time they have demonstrated a certain inability to develop and implement comprehensive policies to address systemic risk this inability is due not only to the indeterminacy inherent in the term systemic risk but also to existing institutional structures which because of their existing legal mandates ultimately make it difficult to monitor and regulate systemic risk across an entire economic system bringing together leading figures in the field of financial regulation this collection of essays explores the related concepts of systemic risk and institutional design of financial markets responding to a number of questions in terms of systemic risk what precisely is the problem and what can be done about it how should systemic risk be regulated what should be the role of the central bank banking authorities and securities regulators should countries implement a macroprudential regulator if not how is macroprudential regulation to be addressed within their respective legislative schemes what policy mechanisms can be employed when developing regulation relating to financial markets a significant and timely examination of one of the most intractable challenges posed to financial regulation

Economic Crisis and Institutional Change

1993*

comparative regional integration has met with increasing interest over the last twenty years with the emergence or reinforcing of new regional dynamics in the eu nafta mercosur and asean this volume systematically and comparatively analyses the reasons for regional integration and stalemate in european latin american and asian regional integration it examines whether regional integration systems change in crisis periods or more precisely in periods of economic crises and why they change in different directions based on a neo institutionalist research framework and rigorously comparative research design the individual chapters analyse why financial and economic crises lead to more or less integrated systems and which factors lead to these institutional changes specifically it addresses institutional change in regional integration schemes power relations between member states and the institutions in different policy domains and change in individual or collective citizens attitudes towards regional integration adopting an actor centred approach the book highlights which regional integration schemes are influenced by economic and financial crises and how to explain this this text will be of key interest to scholars students and policy specialists in regional integration european politics international relations and latin american and asian studies

Economics of Institutional Change

2011-01-18

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Procyclical Behavior of Institutional Investors During the Recent Financial Crisis

2013-09-11

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Systemic Risk, Institutional Design, and the Regulation of Financial Markets

2016-11-24

an informative look at institutional investment management methods and practice the policies practices and decisions of institutional investment managers worldwide affect the economic health of not only the institutions themselves but of countless individual clients as well overall this area of finance has great impact on the capital markets filled with in depth insights and practical advice institutional money management is an important basis of knowledge regarding both the theory and practice of this ever evolving area of finance part of the robert w kolb series in finance this book on institutional investment management showcases contributed chapters from professional and academic experts in banking insurance companies mutual funds pension funds and endowments along the way issues covered included everything from the role of institutional investors within the financial system and the structures that have emerged and evolved to industry standards of ethical practice and investment performance presentation provides a detailed examination of the objectives constraints methods and stakeholders for the dominant types of institutional investors focuses on the portfolio management strategies and techniques used by institutional investors contains contributed chapters from numerous thought leaders in the field of finance the practice of institutional investment management presents a diverse set of challenges but with this book as your guide you II gain a better understanding of how you can overcome these challenges and manage your portfolio more effectively

Crisis and Institutional Change in Regional Integration

2016-03-31

Institutional Structure of Financial Regulation

2014-06-20

The Economic Crisis in Social and Institutional Context

2015-02-20

Institutional Money Management

2011-10-27

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