Free pdf Mobsters unions and feds the mafia and the american labor movement (2023)

rethinking the american labor movement tells the story of the various groups and incidents that make up what we think of as the labor movement while the efforts of the american labor force towards greater wealth parity have been rife with contention the struggle has embraced a broad vision of a more equitable distribution of the nation s wealth and a desire for workers to have greater control over their own lives in this succinct and authoritative volume elizabeth faue reconsiders the varied strains of the labor movement situating them within the context of rapidly transforming twentieth century american society to show how these efforts have formed a political and social movement that has shaped the trajectory of american life rethinking the american labor movement is indispensable reading for scholars and students interested in american labor in the twentieth century and in the interplay between labor wealth and power labor and the red scare seattle and winnipeg general strikes boston telephone and police strikes streetcar strikes in chicago denver knoxville kansas city strikes in clothing textile coal and steel the open shop drive strikes and black white relationships the afl and the black worker the iww communist party founded political action 1918 1920 this collection of essays originally published by harper and row in 1971 traces the development of the american labor movement and its evolution from the first trade union the contributors challenge perlman s wisconsin theory and provide an understanding of the continuities between the labor movement of 1928 and that of 1970 joseph rayback s history of the american labor movement a compact and comprehensive chronicle of where labor has been and where it is today this book studies the changing ways in which american industrial workers mobilised concerted action in their own interests between the abolition of slavery and the end of open immigration from europe and asia sustained class conflict between 1916 and 1922 reshaped governmental and business policies but left labour largely unorganised and in retreat the house of labor so arduously erected by working class activists during the preceeding generation did not collapse but ossified so that when labour activism was reinvigorated after 1933 the movement split in two these developments are analysed here in ways which stress the links between migration neighbourhood life racial subjugation business reform the state and the daily experience of work itself why did american workers unlike their european counterparts fail to forge a class based movement to pursue broad social reform was it simply that they lacked class consciousness and were more interested in personal mobility in a richly detailed survey of labor law and labor history william forbath challenges this notion of american individualism in fact he argues the nineteenth century american labor movement was much like europe s labor movements in its social and political outlook but in the decades around the turn of the century the prevailing attitude of american trade unionists changed forbath shows that over time struggles with the courts and the legal order were crucial to reshaping labor s outlook driving the labor movement to temper its radical goals in a fresh and reinterpretation nelson lichtenstein examines how ாசு அச்சோவ் கொடுக்காக மிரையாகள் waxed and waned in the nation s political and moratheimpægrindation pandoangized both devoted partisans and intransigent foes from the democtratogundamy bridge studies in comparative

building states and markets after communism the perils of polarized democracy cambridge studies in comparative politics the burger grill from woodrow wilson to john sweeney from homestead to pittston lichtenstein weaves together a compelling matrix of ideas stories strikes laws and people in a streamlined narrative of work and labor in the twentieth century the labor question became a burning issue during the progressive era because its solution seemed essential to the survival of american democracy itself beginning there lichtenstein takes us all the way to the organizing fever of contemporary los angeles where the labor movement stands at the center of the effort to transform millions of new immigrants into alert citizen unionists he offers an expansive survey of labor s upsurge during the 1930s when the new deal put a white male version of industrial democracy at the heart of u s political culture he debunks the myth of a postwar management labor accord by showing that there was at most a limited unstable truce lichtenstein argues that the ideas that had once sustained solidarity and citizenship in the world of work underwent a radical transformation when the rights centered social movements of the 1960s and 1970s captured the nation s moral imagination the labor movement was therefore tragically unprepared for the years of reagan and clinton although technological change and a new era of global economics battered the unions their real failure was one of ideas and political will throughout lichtenstein argues that labor s most important function in theory if not always in practice has been the vitalization of a democratic ethos at work and in the larger society to the extent that the unions fuse their purpose with that impulse they can once again become central to the fate of the republic state of the union is an incisive history that tells the story of one of america s defining aspirations publisher description contains nearly four hundred alphabetically arranged entries that provide information about topics in the history of american labor including unions labor leaders laws and court cases significant events terminology anti union organizations and others includes illustrations and primary documents labor historian juliet mofford presents the story of workers in the u s from the late 1700s to the present the industrial revolution the formation and role of unions the quest for political reform and the ongoing efforts for fair and safe labor conditions for migrant workers thoughts on labor from thomas jefferson abraham lincoln samuel gompers eugene debs grover cleveland theodore roosevelt woodrow wilson fdr john l lewis cesar chavez jfk and others are presented in their own words in american labor and american democracy william english walling drew on his close association with samuel gompers and other leaders of the american federation of labor afl to write the authoritative history of the labor movement in the first quarter of the twentieth century walling s position was that twentieth century american democracy was not stagnant it was a living developing trend in society with the afl as its most progressive force there could be no passive acceptance of american institutions as they stood government in the twentieth century would need to develop into a medium for attaining social ideals and needs beyond individual realization the aim of american labor was a pluralistic economic democracy in which government and industry would be guided by economic organizations representing not only labor but every essential social group richard schneirov in his introduction to this new edition of a classic book paints a rich and detailed picture of walling s political and intellectual journey and of his many contributions to the synthesis of democratic and socialist principles american labor and american democracy is and important and and that will help reevaluate our understanding of labour works works in geominances is me that will help reevaluate our understanding of labour works were sent and the contract of the contract

history establish a new perspective on today s labore move/einlesh to farmoblesh eidzed light on the relationship of labor to socialism capitalenson common common reductionship.

building states and markets after communism the perils of polarized democracy cambridge studies in comparative politics social movements the nature of the large business corporation and the relationship of special interest groups to democracy william english walling 1877 1936 was a social reform activist who helped found the national women s trade union league in 1903 and the national association for the advancement of colored people in 1909 he authored several influential works including socialism as it is a survey of the world wide revolutionary movement the larger aspects of socialism progessivism and after and the socialists and the war richard schneirov is professor of history at indiana state university and has also taught at the ohio state university and the institut f 3 r england und amerikastudien at the university of frankfurt germany he is the author of labor and urban politics class conflict and the origins of modern liberalism in chicago 1864 97 which was awarded the urban history association s prize for best urban history in north america for 1998 and co edited the pullman strike and the crisis of the 1890s provides a detailed account of the american labor movement and explores the movement s lasting social economic and political impact into the modern era includes a narrative overview biographical profiles primary source documents and other helpful features this book recounts the historic struggles of the american labor movement for safer workplaces for a healthier environment for corporate accountability for equal rights for the majority who are women and for civil rights for the minority who are not white in this new political history of the labor movement clayton sinyai examines the relationship between labor activism and the american democratic tradition sinyai shows how america s working people and union leaders debated the first questions of democratic theory and in the process educated themselves about the rights and responsibilities of democratic citizenship in tracing the course of the american labor movement from the founding of the knights of labor in the 1870s to the 1968 presidential election and its aftermath sinyai explores the political dimensions of collective bargaining the structures of unions and businesses and labor s relationships with political parties and other social movements schools of democracy analyzes how labor activists wrestled with fundamental aspects of political philosophy and the development of american democracy including majority rule versus individual liberty the rule of law and the qualifications required of citizens of a democracy offering a balanced assessment of mainstream leaders of american labor from samuel gompers to george meany and their radical critics including the socialists and the industrial workers of the world sinyai provides an unusual and refreshing perspective on american labor history no institution in america has changed more in the past 25 years observes max green than the american labour movements green documents the descent into radicalism of these unions and concludes that as currently constituted and led they no longer serve the public or national interest study of the historical influences of the socialist political party on the labour movement and on selected trade unions in the usa from 1881 to 1924 concludes that radicalism in american labour had more to do with domestic political and economic developments than with the immigrant character of the union membership or the ideologycal commitments of the leadership and includes a bibliography of unpublished sources references monograph presenting an historical overview of the rise of the trade union and labour movement in the usa from the colonial period until 1965 covers employment working conditions and labour relations etc annotated bibliography pp 417 to 422 by examining the history of the lagates and regulation of union actions this fascinating book matrices a new communism interpretation of american labor law policy and itshehapenfulls iompapodlaomized workers today arguing that the decline in union memberosemiop randy cambridge studies in comparative

building states and markets after communism the perils of polarized democracy cambridge studies in comparative politics bargaining power is linked to rising income inequality this important book traces the evolution of labor law in america from the first labor law case in 1806 through the passage of right to work legislation in michigan and indiana in 2012 in doing so it shares important insights into economic development exploring both the nature of work in america and the part the legal system played and continues to play in shaping the lives of american workers the book illustrates the intertwined history of labor law and politics showing how these forces quashed unions in the 19th century allowed them to flourish in the mid 20th century and squelched them again in recent years readers will learn about the negative impact of union decline on american workers and how that decline has been influenced by political forces they will see how the right to work and tea party movements have combined to prevent union organizing to the detriment of the middle class and they will better understand the current failure to reform labor law despite a consensus that unions can protect workers without damaging market efficiencies this riveting nuanced book takes seriously the workplace radicalism of many early twentieth century american workers the restriction of working class militancy to the workplace it shows was no mere economism organizational rather than psychological in orientation battling for american labor accounts for both the early preference of dockworkers in philadelphia and hotel and restaurant workers in new york for the iww rather than the afl and for the reversal of this choice in the 1920s in so doing it points the way to a fresh reading of american labor history ira katznelson columbia university howard kimeldorf s book based on sound and solid historical research in archives newspapers journals memoirs and oral histories argues that workers in the united states regardless of their precise union affiliation harbored syndicalist tendencies which manifested themselves in direct action on the job because kimeldorf s book reinterprets much of the history of the labor movement in the united states it will surely generate much controversy among scholars and capture the attention of readers melvyn dubofsky binghamton university suny howard kimeldorf s new book is a very exciting accomplishment this book will surely leave a major imprint on labor history and the sociology of labor kimeldorf s focus on repertoires of collective action and practice instead of ideology is a particularly important contribution one that will force students of labor to rethink many worn out arguments after reading battling for american labor one will no longer be able to assume the iww s defeat was inevitable or take seriously psychological theories of worker consciousness david wellman author of the union makes us strong the decline of the american union movement and how it can revive by a leading analyst of labor union membership in the united states has fallen below 11 percent the lowest rate since before the new deal labor activist and scholar of the american labor movement stanley aronowitz argues that the movement as we have known it for the last 100 years is effectively dead and he explains how this death has been a long time coming the organizing and political principles adopted by us unions at mid century have taken a terrible toll in the 1950s aronowitz was a factory metalworker in the 50s and 60s he directed organizing with the amalgamated clothing workers and the oil chemical and atomic workers in 1963 he coordinated the labor participation for the march on washington for jobs and freedom ten years later the publication of his book false promises the shaping of american working class conscious newstales and landmark in the study of the us working class and meanthementhemunism

aronowitz draws on this long personal history reflections bis polarized 2023-07-04 involvement in labor organizing with groups encourage thambridge

building states and markets after communism the perils of polarized democracy cambridge studies in comparative politics professional staff congress of the city university he brings a historian s understanding of american workers struggles in taking the long view of the labor movement then in a survey of current initiatives strikes organizations and allies aronowitz analyzes the possibilities of labor s rebirth and sets out a program for a new broad radical workers movement craver law george washington u recounts the history of the us labor movement from its origin through its heyday analyzes the reasons for its current decline and offers a manifesto for revitalizing it in the emerging global economy he also suggests reforms in the national labor relations act annotation copyright by book news inc portland or our own time retells the story of american labor by focusing on the politics of time and the movements for a shorter working day it argues that the length of the working day has been the central issue for the american labor movement during its most vigorous periods of activity uniting workers along lines of craft gender and ethnicity the authors hold that the workweek is likely again to take on increased significance as workers face the choice between a society based on free time and one based on alienated work and unemployment an account of the efforts of women to improve their working conditions often in the face of hostility from employers and the public and the indifference of the male dominated trade unions discussing these efforts against the background of the major social political and economic events in american history

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Rethinking the American Labor Movement 2017-04-28

rethinking the american labor movement tells the story of the various groups and incidents that make up what we think of as the labor movement while the efforts of the american labor force towards greater wealth parity have been rife with contention the struggle has embraced a broad vision of a more equitable distribution of the nation s wealth and a desire for workers to have greater control over their own lives in this succinct and authoritative volume elizabeth faue reconsiders the varied strains of the labor movement situating them within the context of rapidly transforming twentieth century american society to show how these efforts have formed a political and social movement that has shaped the trajectory of american life rethinking the american labor movement is indispensable reading for scholars and students interested in american labor in the twentieth century and in the interplay between labor wealth and power

History of the Labor Movement in the United States 1988

labor and the red scare seattle and winnipeg general strikes boston telephone and police strikes streetcar strikes in chicago denver knoxville kansas city strikes in clothing textile coal and steel the open shop drive strikes and black white relationships the afl and the black worker the iww communist party founded political action 1918 1920

A Short History of the American Labor Movement 1968

this collection of essays originally published by harper and row in 1971 traces the development of the american labor movement and its evolution from the first trade union the contributors challenge perlman s wisconsin theory and provide an understanding of the continuities between the labor movement of 1928 and that of 1970

The American Labor Movement 1985

joseph rayback s history of the american labor movement a compact and comprehensive chronicle of where labor has been and where it is today

The American Labor Movement 1969

this book studies the changing ways in which american industrial workers mobilised concerted action in their own interests between the abolition of slavery and the end of open immigration from europe and asia sustained class conflict between 1916 and 1922 reshaped governmental and business policies but left labour largely unorganised and in retreat the house of labor so arduously erected by working class activists during the preceeding generation did not collapse but ossified so that when labour activism was reinvigorated after 1933 the movement split in two these developments are analysed here in ways which stress after communism between migration neighbourhood life racial subjugation business reform a democracy cambridge

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why did american workers unlike their european counterparts fail to forge a class based movement to pursue broad social reform was it simply that they lacked class consciousness and were more interested in personal mobility in a richly detailed survey of labor law and labor history william forbath challenges this notion of american individualism in fact he argues the nineteenth century american labor movement was much like europe s labor movements in its social and political outlook but in the decades around the turn of the century the prevailing attitude of american trade unionists changed forbath shows that over time struggles with the courts and the legal order were crucial to reshaping labor s outlook driving the labor movement to temper its radical goals

The American Labor Movement 1923

in a fresh and timely reinterpretation nelson lichtenstein examines how trade unionism has waxed and waned in the nation s political and moral imagination among both devoted partisans and intransigent foes from the steel foundry to the burger grill from woodrow wilson to john sweeney from homestead to pittston lichtenstein weaves together a compelling matrix of ideas stories strikes laws and people in a streamlined narrative of work and labor in the twentieth century the labor question became a burning issue during the progressive era because its solution seemed essential to the survival of american democracy itself beginning there lichtenstein takes us all the way to the organizing fever of contemporary los angeles where the labor movement stands at the center of the effort to transform millions of new immigrants into alert citizen unionists he offers an expansive survey of labor s upsurge during the 1930s when the new deal put a white male version of industrial democracy at the heart of u s political culture he debunks the myth of a postwar management labor accord by showing that there was at most a limited unstable truce lichtenstein argues that the ideas that had once sustained solidarity and citizenship in the world of work underwent a radical transformation when the rights centered social movements of the 1960s and 1970s captured the nation s moral imagination the labor movement was therefore tragically unprepared for the years of reagan and clinton although technological change and a new era of global economics battered the unions their real failure was one of ideas and political will throughout lichtenstein argues that labor s most important function in theory if not always in practice has been the vitalization of a democratic ethos at work and in the larger society to the extent that the unions fuse their purpose with that impulse they can once again become central to the fate of the republic state of the union is an incisive history that tells the story of one of america s defining aspirations

The American Labor Movement 1914

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Women and the American Labor Movement 1982 states and markets after communism contains nearly four hundred alphabetically arrangence energies of attorized 2023-07-04 provide information about topics in the history of amedeinconral poor ambridge studies in comparative

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building states and markets after communism the perils of polarized democracy cambridge studies in comparative politics including unions labor leaders laws and court cases significant events terminology anti union organizations and others includes illustrations and primary documents

History of American Labor 2008-06-30

labor historian juliet mofford presents the story of workers in the u s from the late 1700s to the present the industrial revolution the formation and role of unions the quest for political reform and the ongoing efforts for fair and safe labor conditions for migrant workers thoughts on labor from thomas jefferson abraham lincoln samuel gompers eugene debs grover cleveland theodore roosevelt woodrow wilson fdr john l lewis cesar chavez jfk and others are presented in their own words

A History of the American Labor Movement 1972

in american labor and american democracy william english walling drew on his close association with samuel gompers and other leaders of the american federation of labor afl to write the authoritative history of the labor movement in the first quarter of the twentieth century walling s position was that twentieth century american democracy was not stagnant it was a living developing trend in society with the afl as its most progressive force there could be no passive acceptance of american institutions as they stood government in the twentieth century would need to develop into a medium for attaining social ideals and needs beyond individual realization the aim of american labor was a pluralistic economic democracy in which government and industry would be guided by economic organizations representing not only labor but every essential social group richard schneirov in his introduction to this new edition of a classic book paints a rich and detailed picture of walling s political and intellectual journey and of his many contributions to the synthesis of democratic and socialist principles american labor and american democracy is an important work that will help reevaluate our understanding of labor and working class history establish a new perspective on today s labor movement and shed light on the relationship of labor to socialism capitalism democracy and social movements the nature of the large business corporation and the relationship of special interest groups to democracy william english walling 1877 1936 was a social reform activist who helped found the national women s trade union league in 1903 and the national association for the advancement of colored people in 1909 he authored several influential works including socialism as it is a survey of the world wide revolutionary movement the larger aspects of socialism progessivism and after and the socialists and the war richard schneirov is professor of history at indiana state university and has also taught at the ohio state university and the institut f 3 r england und amerikastudien at the university of frankfurt germany he is the author of labor and urban politics class conflict and the origins of modern liberalism in chicago 1864 97 which was awarded the urban history association s prize for best urban history in north america for 1998 and co edited the pullman strike and the crisis of the 1890s

The Fall of the House of Labor 1987 building states and

markets after communism markets after communism movement and explores and political important of polarized and political important cambridge modern era includes a narrative overview biographical incorping in social politics

The Bankruptcy of the American Labor Movement 1922

this book recounts the historic struggles of the american labor movement for safer workplaces for a healthier environment for corporate accountability for equal rights for the majority who are women and for civil rights for the minority who are not white

Law and the Shaping of the American Labor Movement 1991-05-01

in this new political history of the labor movement clayton sinyai examines the relationship between labor activism and the american democratic tradition sinyai shows how america s working people and union leaders debated the first questions of democratic theory and in the process educated themselves about the rights and responsibilities of democratic citizenship in tracing the course of the american labor movement from the founding of the knights of labor in the 1870s to the 1968 presidential election and its aftermath sinyai explores the political dimensions of collective bargaining the structures of unions and businesses and labor s relationships with political parties and other social movements schools of democracy analyzes how labor activists wrestled with fundamental aspects of political philosophy and the development of american democracy including majority rule versus individual liberty the rule of law and the qualifications required of citizens of a democracy offering a balanced assessment of mainstream leaders of american labor from samuel gompers to george meany and their radical critics including the socialists and the industrial workers of the world sinyai provides an unusual and refreshing perspective on american labor history

State of the Union 2012-10-26

no institution in america has changed more in the past 25 years observes max green than the american labour movements green documents the descent into radicalism of these unions and concludes that as currently constituted and led they no longer serve the public or national interest

Two Views of American Labor 1965

study of the historical influences of the socialist political party on the labour movement and on selected trade unions in the usa from 1881 to 1924 concludes that radicalism in american labour had more to do with domestic political and economic developments than with the immigrant character of the union membership or the ideologycal commitments of the leadership and includes a bibliography of unpublished sources references

<u>American Labor and the International Labor</u> Movement *1954*

building states and monograph presenting an historical overview of the markets after communism the perils of polarized the perils of polarized period until 1965 of democracy campings covers employment working conditions and labour relations etc annotated

politics

American Labor Unions 1914

by examining the history of the legal regulation of union actions this fascinating book offers a new interpretation of american labor law policy and its harmful impact on workers today arguing that the decline in union membership and bargaining power is linked to rising income inequality this important book traces the evolution of labor law in america from the first labor law case in 1806 through the passage of right to work legislation in michigan and indiana in 2012 in doing so it shares important insights into economic development exploring both the nature of work in america and the part the legal system played and continues to play in shaping the lives of american workers the book illustrates the intertwined history of labor law and politics showing how these forces quashed unions in the 19th century allowed them to flourish in the mid 20th century and squelched them again in recent years readers will learn about the negative impact of union decline on american workers and how that decline has been influenced by political forces they will see how the right to work and tea party movements have combined to prevent union organizing to the detriment of the middle class and they will better understand the current failure to reform labor law despite a consensus that unions can protect workers without damaging market efficiencies

The Future of the American Labor Movement 2002-09-16

this riveting nuanced book takes seriously the workplace radicalism of many early twentieth century american workers the restriction of working class militancy to the workplace it shows was no mere economism organizational rather than psychological in orientation battling for american labor accounts for both the early preference of dockworkers in philadelphia and hotel and restaurant workers in new york for the iww rather than the afl and for the reversal of this choice in the 1920s in so doing it points the way to a fresh reading of american labor history ira katznelson columbia university howard kimeldorf s book based on sound and solid historical research in archives newspapers journals memoirs and oral histories argues that workers in the united states regardless of their precise union affiliation harbored syndicalist tendencies which manifested themselves in direct action on the job because kimeldorf s book reinterprets much of the history of the labor movement in the united states it will surely generate much controversy among scholars and capture the attention of readers melvyn dubofsky binghamton university suny howard kimeldorf s new book is a very exciting accomplishment this book will surely leave a major imprint on labor history and the sociology of labor kimeldorf s focus on repertoires of collective action and practice instead of ideology is a particularly important contribution one that will force students of labor to rethink many worn out arguments after reading battling for american labor one will no longer be able to assume the iww s defeat was inevitable or take seriously psychological theories of worker consciousness david wellman author of the union makes wisting states and

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The American Labor Movement, a Short History 1938

the decline of the american union movement and how it can revive by a leading analyst of labor union membership in the united states has fallen below 11 percent the lowest rate since before the new deal labor activist and scholar of the american labor movement stanley aronowitz argues that the movement as we have known it for the last 100 years is effectively dead and he explains how this death has been a long time coming the organizing and political principles adopted by us unions at mid century have taken a terrible toll in the 1950s aronowitz was a factory metalworker in the 50s and 60s he directed organizing with the amalgamated clothing workers and the oil chemical and atomic workers in 1963 he coordinated the labor participation for the march on washington for jobs and freedom ten years later the publication of his book false promises the shaping of american working class consciousness was a landmark in the study of the us working class and workers movements aronowitz draws on this long personal history reflecting on his continuing involvement in labor organizing with groups such as the professional staff congress of the city university he brings a historian s understanding of american workers struggles in taking the long view of the labor movement then in a survey of current initiatives strikes organizations and allies aronowitz analyzes the possibilities of labor s rebirth and sets out a program for a new broad radical workers movement

Historical Encyclopedia of American Labor 2004

craver law george washington u recounts the history of the us labor movement from its origin through its heyday analyzes the reasons for its current decline and offers a manifesto for revitalizing it in the emerging global economy he also suggests reforms in the national labor relations act annotation copyright by book news inc portland or

Talkin' Union 1997

our own time retells the story of american labor by focusing on the politics of time and the movements for a shorter working day it argues that the length of the working day has been the central issue for the american labor movement during its most vigorous periods of activity uniting workers along lines of craft gender and ethnicity the authors hold that the workweek is likely again to take on increased significance as workers face the choice between a society based on free time and one based on alienated work and unemployment

American Labor and American Democracy 2017-11-30

an account of the efforts of women to improve their working conditions often in the face of hostility from employers and the public and the indifference of the male dominated trade unions discussing these efforts against the background of the major social political and economic events in american history

Workers and Utopia 1961

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Reclaiming Our Future 2019-06-26

A Brief History of the American Labor Movement 1970

Schools of Democracy 2018-07-05

Epitaph for American Labor 1996

Labor & The Left 1970-06-21

Labor in America 1966

The End of American Labor Unions 2015-03-30

American Federation of Labor 1924

Battling for American Labor 1999-12

The Death and Life of American Labor 2015-09-15

Toil and Trouble 1971

Can Unions Survive? 1993-06

Our Own Time 1989-11-17

<u>Industrialization and the American Labor</u>
<u>Movement, 1850-1900</u> *1977*

Women and the American Labor Movement: From colonial times to the eve of World War 1979 states and

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